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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/543,310	04/05/2000	Rabindranath Dutta	AUS990913US1	6408	
45502 7	7590 05/08/2006		EXAMINER		
DILLON & YUDELL LLP			MIRZA, ADNAN M		
8911 N. CAPITAL OF TEXAS HWY., SUITE 2110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTIN, TX	78759		2145		
			DATE MAILED: 05/08/2006	DATE MAILED: 05/08/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/543,310	DUTTA, RABINDRANATH					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Adnan M. Mirza	2145					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	Lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ma	arch 2006						
	action is non-final.						
·=		secution as to the merits is					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims	,						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-48</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) 1-48 is/are rejected.							
·	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTQ-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03/31/2006</u> . 6/8/04 + 3/27/06	6)  Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims1-7, 9-15, 17-23,25-31,33-39,41-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jamtgaard et al (U.S. 6,430,624 and further in view of Rennard et al (U.S. 6,615,131).

As per claims 1,9,17,25,33,41 Jamtgaard disclosed a method for delivering data over a network system, comprising the steps of: receiving, in a first data processing system, a request for a first data page from a first client system; in response to the request from the second data processing system, sending a reduced-content page, corresponding to the first data page, from the first data processing system to the second data processing system (col. 2, lines 40-59); and in response to the request from the second data processing system, sending the first data page from the first data processing system to a third data processing system used by a user of the second data processing system but separate and distinct from the second data processing system (col. 4, lines 8-19).

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However Jamtgaard failed to disclose wherein the second data processing system communicates with the data processing system over a first connection and the third data processing system communicates with the first data processing system over a second connection.

In the same field of endeavor Rennard disclosed wireless device communicates through a wireless carrier, gateway and the Internet with server. In one embodiment, one or more of these connections need not be sustained continuously. FIG 9 depicts a method for reducing the time when a connection between the wireless carrier and the server is sustained through the Internet. Among other reasons, this approach proves beneficial in reducing the connection time through the Internet Such a method also proves beneficial when there exists a lag or latency in the Internet connection or where the Internet connection has a high associated cost measured in money, time or other cost factor (col. 17, lines 51-63). The method illustrated in Fig. 9 can be used to remove the connection from wireless device to wireless carrier (col. 18, lines 13-16)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the sending the first data page to a second client system, wherein the first client system communicates with the data processing system over a more expensive connection than the second client system communicates with the data processing system. The method illustrated in Fig. 9 can be used to remove the connection from wireless device to wireless carrier as taught by Rennard in the method of Jamtgaard to reduce the cost of the wireless connection to Internet and reduce latency in terms of down link.

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6. As per claims 2-3,10-11,18-19,26-27,34-35,42-43 Jamtgaard disclosed after the receiving step, the step of creating a reduced-content page corresponding to the first data page (col. 8, lines 12-24).

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- 7. As per claims 4,12,20,28,36,44 Jamtgaard disclosed wherein the second data processing system communicates via a wireless connection (col. 4, lines 58-67).
- 8. As per claims 5,13,21,29,37,45 Jamtgaard disclosed wherein the reduced content page is a wireless markup language page (col. 6, lines 59-63).
- 9. As per claims 6,14,22,30,38,46 Jamtgaard disclosed wherein the first data page is a hypertext markup language page (col. 4, lines 59-66).
- 10. As per claims 7,15,23,31,39,47 Rennard disclosed wherein the first data page is sent to the third data processing system via an electronic mail message (col. 9, lines 52-57).
- 11. Claims 8,16,24,32,40,48 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jamtgaard et al (U.S. 6,430,624), Rennard et al (U.S. 6,615,131) and further in view of Puri et al (U.S. 6,148,330).

As per claims 8,16,24,32,40,48 Jamtgaard-Rennard failed to disclose wherein the first data page is sent to the third data processing system via a push delivery system. In the sane field of endeavor Puri disclosed window has displayed content that was automatically generated and push-delivered to personal computer by a channel service/content provider via the Internet and WWW according to the present invention (col. 10, lines 56-64).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the wherein the first data page is sent to the second client system via a push delivery system as taught by Puri in the method of Jamtgaard-Rennard to make the convential web-browsing technology more efficient.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 03/02/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Response to applicant's argument is as follows.

13. Applicant argued that Jamtgaard failed to disclose, "In response to a receipt at a first data processing system, of a request for a first data page, a reduced-content page corresponding to the first data page is sent from the first data processing system to a second data processing system".

As to applicant's argument Jamtgaard disclosed the system and method permits content to be input into the system in a variety of different formatting languages. In addition, the system permits the formatted content to be output in any mark-up language and protocol, such as WML, HTML, HDML, XML, etc. Advantageously, each display page on the device may be customized. To organize the content for display on the devices according to the input/output format, such as the display screen size parameters of the devices (col. 2, lines 48-59). According

to one skill in the art at the time of the invention easily interrupted the reformatting according to the display screen size parameters of the devices as reduce content page.

14. Applicant argued that prior art failed to disclose a request for information and sending the information to both the requesting computer and a second designated computer used by the user of the requesting computer.

As to applicant's argument Jamtgaard disclosed "that translation server may take infomration directly form an Internet content provider's web site in various forms such as HTML data, XML data, or raw data feeds and then re-deliver it, via the translation servere and through a telecommunication system and through a telecommunication system, such as wireless carrier base station that uses a typical communications formats such as CDPD, to information appliances in a format that is completely customized to the end user's device type and browsing capabilities (col. 4, lines 58-67).

15. Applicant argued that prior art failed to disclose a broadcast capability of "sending" a full page to one computer and a reduced-page to another computer, where the computers are related by user, and further in response to "receiving" a request from one of the computers.

As to applicant's argument Jamtgaard disclosed the system and method permits content to be input into the system in a variety of different formatting languages. In addition, the system permits the formatted content to be output in any mark-up language and protocol, such as WML,

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HTML, HDML, XML, etc. Advantageously, each display page on the device may be customized. To organize the content for display on the devices according to the input/output format, such as the display screen size parameters of the devices (col. 2, lines 48-59). According to one skill in the art at the time of the invention easily interrupted the reformatting according to the display screen size parameters of the devices as reduce content page. Also Jamtgaard disclosed that content format to be output in different mark up language such as HTML, WML, XML. One ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention knows that HTML has different format size as compared to WML that requires to be on the reduced format of the content.

16. Applicant argued that amended claim language as stated, "wherein the second data processing system communicates with the data processing system over a first connection and the third data processing system communicates with the first data processing system over a second connection".

As to applicant's argument Rennard disclosed wireless device communicates through a wireless carrier, gateway and the Internet with server. In one embodiment, one or more of these connections need not be sustained continuously. FIG 9 depicts a method for reducing the time when a connection between the wireless carrier and the server is sustained through the Internet. Among other reasons, this approach proves beneficial in reducing the connection time through the Internet Such a method also proves beneficial when there exists a lag or latency in the Internet connection or where the Internet connection has a high associated cost measured in

money, time or other cost factor (col. 17, lines 51-63). The method illustrated in Fig. 9 can be used to remove the connection from wireless device to wireless carrier (col. 18, lines 13-16).

There are two other references namely Leppinen (U.S. 6,735,186) and Zarom (U.S. 6,356,529) are also related to Applicant's application.

#### Conclusion

17. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner

should be directed to Adnan Mirza whose telephone number is (571)-272-3885.

19. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday during normal business

hours. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jason Cardone can be reached on (571)-272-3933. The fax for this group is (703)-

746-7239. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is 571-273-8300.

20. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for un published

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at (866)-217-9197 (toll-free).

W / ,

Adnan Mirza

Examiner

JASON CARDONE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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